

Database Management System

Associate Professor Dr. Raed Ibraheem Hamed

**University of Human Development,
College of Science and Technology**

2015 – 2016

What Can SQL do?

- SQL can execute queries against a database
- SQL can retrieve data from a database
- SQL can insert records in a database
- SQL can update records in a database
- SQL can delete records from a database
- SQL can create new databases
- SQL can create new tables in a database
- SQL can set permissions on tables, procedures, and views

Some of The Most Important SQL Commands

- **SELECT** - extracts data from a database
- **UPDATE** - updates data in a database
- **DELETE** - deletes data from a database
- **INSERT INTO** - inserts new data into a database
- **CREATE DATABASE** - creates a new database
- **ALTER DATABASE** - modifies a database
- **CREATE TABLE** - creates a new table
- **ALTER TABLE** - modifies a table
- **DROP TABLE** - deletes a table

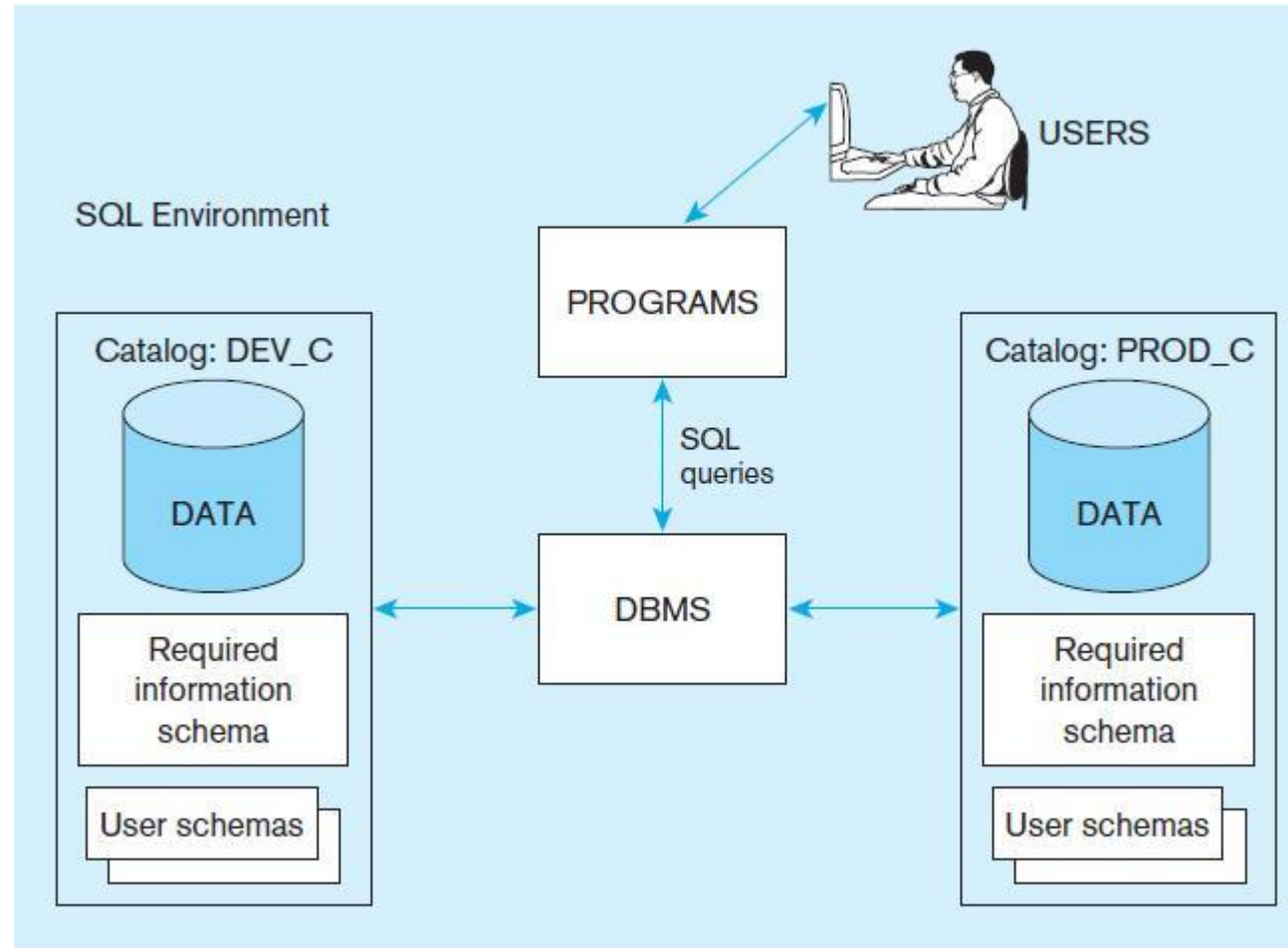


SQL Environment



- **Catalog**
 - A set of schemas that constitute the description of a database
- **Schema**
 - The structure that contains descriptions of objects created by a user i.e. is the table name and its attributes:
Product(PName, Price, Category, Manufacturer)
- **Data Definition Language (DDL)**
 - Commands that define a database, including creating, altering, and dropping tables and establishing constraints.
- **Data Manipulation Language (DML)**
 - Commands that maintain and query a database
- **Data Control Language (DCL)**
 - Commands that control a database, including administering privileges and processing data

A simplified schematic of a typical SQL environment, as described by the SQL



Advantages of SQL

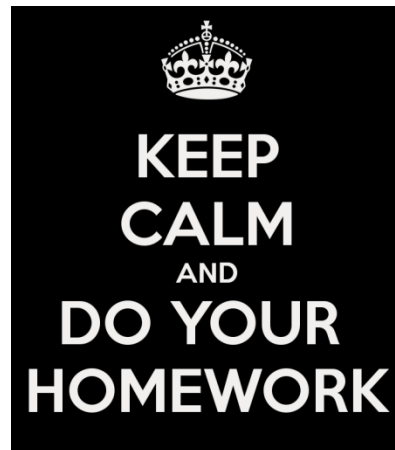


- A. All major relational database management systems support by SQL
- B. You can transfer all skills you have gained with SQL from one database to another
- C. SQL lets you work with data at the logical level, only being concerned with the implementation details when you want to manipulate them.
- D. SQL gives us the power to access the contents of a database in a simple, powerful way
- E. You can use SQL with many different kinds of database
- F. This is simpler than learning how to access each type of database in a proprietary way



Homework

Please Do Your Homework on the subject of **Different Types of Databases**



SQL Statement and Syntax



AND / OR

```
SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table_name
WHERE condition
AND | OR condition
```

BETWEEN

```
SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table_name
WHERE column_name
BETWEEN value1 AND value2
```


The SQL Query Language



Below is a selection table called "Customers" :

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
1	Alfreds Futterkiste	Maria Anders	Obere Str. 57	Berlin	12209	Germany
2	Ana Trujillo Emparedados y helados	Ana Trujillo	Avda. de la Constitución 2222	México D.F.	05021	Mexico
3	Antonio Moreno Taquería	Antonio Moreno	Mataderos 2312	México D.F.	05023	Mexico
4	Around the Horn	Thomas Hardy	120 Hanover Sq.	London	WA1 1DP	UK
5	Berglunds snabbköp	Christina Berglund	Berguvsvägen 8	Luleå	S-958 22	Sweden
6	Blauer See Delikatessen	Hanna Moos	Forsterstr. 57	Mannheim	68306	Germany
7	Blondel père et fils	Frédérique Citeaux	24, place Kléber	Strasbourg	67000	France
8	Bólido Comidas preparadas	Martin Sommer	C/ Araquil, 67	Madrid	28023	Spain
9	Bon app'	Laurence Lebihans	12, rue des Bouchers	Marseille	13008	France
10	Bottom-Dollar Marketse	Elizabeth Lincoln	23 Tsawassen Blvd.	Tsawassen	T2F 8M4	Canada
11	B's Beverages	Victoria Ashworth	Fauntleroy Circus	London	EC2 5NT	UK

Example: SELECT * FROM Customers;

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
1	Alfreds Futterkiste	Maria Anders	Obere Str. 57	Berlin	12209	Germany
2	Ana Trujillo Emparedados y helados	Ana Trujillo	Avda. de la Constitución 2222	México D.F.	05021	Mexico
3	Antonio Moreno Taquería	Antonio Moreno	Mataderos 2312	México D.F.	05023	Mexico
4	Around the Horn	Thomas Hardy	120 Hanover Sq.	London	WA1 1DP	UK
5	Berglunds snabbköp	Christina Berglund	Berguvsvägen 8	Luleå	S-958 22	Sweden
6	Blauer See Delikatessen	Hanna Moos	Forsterstr. 57	Mannheim	68306	Germany
7	Blondel père et fils	Frédérique Citeaux	24, place Kléber	Strasbourg	67000	France
8	Bólido Comidas preparadas	Martín Sommer	C/ Araquil, 67	Madrid	28023	Spain
9	Bon app'	Laurence Lebihans	12, rue des Bouchers	Marseille	13008	France
10	Bottom-Dollar Marketse	Elizabeth Lincoln	23 Tsawassen Blvd.	Tsawassen	T2F 8M4	Canada
11	B's Beverages	Victoria Ashworth	Fauntleroy Circus	London	EC2 5NT	UK

```
SELECT * FROM Customers
WHERE Country='Mexico';
```

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
2	Ana Trujillo Emparedados y helados	Ana Trujillo	Avda. de la Constitución 2222	México D.F.	05021	Mexico
3	Antonio Moreno Taquería	Antonio Moreno	Mataderos 2312	México D.F.	05023	Mexico

```
SELECT * FROM Customers
WHERE Country='Mexico' or PostalCode=12209;
```

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
1	Alfreds Futterkiste	Maria Anders	Obere Str. 57	Berlin	12209	Germany
2	Ana Trujillo Emparedados y helados	Ana Trujillo	Avda. de la Constitución 2222	México D.F.	05021	Mexico
3	Antonio Moreno Taquería	Antonio Moreno	Mataderos 2312	México D.F.	05023	Mexico

the SQL select statement



```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
WHERE CustomerID=1;
```

Number of Records: 1

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
1	Alfreds Futterkiste	Maria Anders	Obere Str. 57	Berlin	12209	Germany

The SQL SELECT DISTINCT Statement

In a table, a column may contain many duplicate values; and sometimes you only want to list the different (distinct) values.

The DISTINCT keyword can be used to **return only distinct (different) values.**

SQL SELECT DISTINCT Syntax

```
SELECT DISTINCT column_name, column_name  
FROM table_name;
```

the SQL select statement



SELECT DISTINCT City FROM Customers;

City
Berlin
México D.F.
London
Luleå
Mannheim
Strasbourg
Madrid
Marseille
Tsawassen

SELECT DISTINCT City, Country FROM Customers;

City	Country
Berlin	Germany
México D.F.	Mexico
London	UK
Luleå	Sweden
Mannheim	Germany
Strasbourg	France
Madrid	Spain
Marseille	France
Tsawassen	Canada

The SQL AND & OR Operators



The AND operator displays a record if both the first condition AND the second condition are true.
The OR operator displays a record if either the first condition OR the second condition is true.

AND Operator Example

The following SQL statement selects all customers from the country "Germany" AND the city "Berlin", in the "Customers" table:

Example

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
WHERE Country='Germany'  
AND City='Berlin';
```

The SQL AND & OR Operators



CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
1	Alfreds Futterkiste	Maria Anders	Obere Str. 57	Berlin	12209	Germany

OR Operator Example

The following SQL statement selects all customers from the city "Berlin" OR "München", in the "Customers" table:

Example

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
WHERE City='Berlin'  
OR City='München';
```

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
1	Alfreds Futterkiste	Maria Anders	Obere Str. 57	Berlin	12209	Germany
25	Frankenversand	Peter Franken	Berliner Platz 43	München	80805	Germany

The SQL AND & OR Operators



Combining AND & OR

You can also combine AND and OR (use parenthesis to form complex expressions).

The following SQL statement selects all customers from the country "Germany" AND the city must be equal to "Berlin" OR "München", in the "Customers" table:

Example

```
SELECT * FROM Customers
WHERE Country='Germany'
AND (City='Berlin' OR City='München');
```

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
1	Alfreds Futterkiste	Maria Anders	Obere Str. 57	Berlin	12209	Germany
25	Frankenversand	Peter Franken	Berliner Platz 43	München	80805	Germany

The SQL ORDER BY Keyword

The ORDER BY keyword is used to sort the result-set by one or more columns.

The ORDER BY keyword sorts the records in ascending order by default. To sort the records in a descending order, you can use the DESC keyword.

SQL ORDER BY Syntax

```
SELECT column_name, column_name
```

```
FROM table_name
```

```
ORDER BY column_name ASC | DESC, column_name ASC | DESC;
```

The SQL ORDER BY Keyword



The following SQL statement selects all customers from the "Customers" table, sorted by the "Country" column:

Example

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
ORDER BY Country;
```

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
12	Cactus Comidas para llevar	Patricio Simpson	Cerrito 333	Buenos Aires	1010	Argentina
54	Océano Atlántico Ltda.	Yvonne Moncada	Ing. Gustavo Moncada 8585 Piso 20-A	Buenos Aires	1010	Argentina
64	Rancho grande	Sergio Gutiérrez	Av. del Libertador 900	Buenos Aires	1010	Argentina
20	Ernst Handel	Roland Mendel	Kirchgasse 6	Graz	8010	Austria
59	Piccolo und mehr	Georg Pipps	Geislweg 14	Salzburg	5020	Austria
50	Maison Dewey	Catherine Dewey	Rue Joseph-Bens 532	Bruxelles	B-1180	Belgium
76	Suprêmes délices	Pascale Cartrain	Boulevard Tirou, 255	Charleroi	B-6000	Belgium
15	Comércio Mineiro	Pedro Afonso	Av. dos Lusíadas, 23	São Paulo	05432-043	Brazil
21	Familia Arquibaldo	Aria Cruz	Rua Orós, 92	São Paulo	05442-030	Brazil
31	Gourmet Lanchonetes	André Fonseca	Av. Brasil, 442	Campinas	04876-786	Brazil

The SQL ORDER BY Keyword



ORDER BY DESC Example

The following SQL statement selects all customers from the "Customers" table, sorted DESCENDING by the "Country" column:

Example

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
ORDER BY Country DESC;
```

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
33	GROSELLA-Restaurante	Manuel Pereira	5ª Ave. Los Palos Grandes	Caracas	1081	Venezuela
35	HILARIÓN-Abastos	Carlos Hernández	Carrera 22 con Ave. Carlos Soublette #8-35	San Cristóbal	5022	Venezuela
46	LILA-Supermercado	Carlos González	Carrera 52 con Ave. Bolívar #65-98 Llano Largo	Barquisimeto	3508	Venezuela
47	LINO-Delicateses	Felipe Izquierdo	Ave. 5 de Mayo Porlamar	I. de Margarita	4980	Venezuela
32	Great Lakes Food Market	Howard Snyder	2732 Baker Blvd.	Eugene	97403	USA
36	Hungry Coyote Import Store	Yoshi Latimer	City Center Plaza 516 Main St.	Elgin	97827	USA
43	Lazy K Kountry Store	John Steel	12 Orchestra Terrace	Walla Walla	99362	USA
45	Let's Stop N Shop	Jaime Yorres	87 Polk St. Suite 5	San Francisco	94117	USA
48	Lonesome Pine Restaurant	Fran Wilson	89 Chiaroscuro Rd.	Portland	97219	USA

The SQL ORDER BY Keyword



ORDER BY Several Columns Example

The following SQL statement selects all customers from the "Customers" table, sorted ascending by the "Country" and descending by the "CustomerName" column:

Example

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
ORDER BY Country ASC,  
CustomerName DESC;
```

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
64	Rancho grande	Sergio Gutiérrez	Av. del Libertador 900	Buenos Aires	1010	Argentina
54	Océano Atlántico Ltda.	Yvonne Moncada	Ing. Gustavo Moncada 8585 Piso 20-A	Buenos Aires	1010	Argentina
12	Cactus Comidas para llevar	Patricio Simpson	Cerrito 333	Buenos Aires	1010	Argentina
59	Piccolo und mehr	Georg Pipps	Geislweg 14	Salzburg	5020	Austria
20	Ernst Handel	Roland Mendel	Kirchgasse 6	Graz	8010	Austria
76	Suprêmes délices	Pascale Cartrain	Boulevard Tirou, 255	Charleroi	B-6000	Belgium
50	Maison Dewey	Catherine Dewey	Rue Joseph-Bens 532	Bruxelles	B-1180	Belgium
88	Wellington Importadora	Paula Parente	Rua do Mercado, 12	Resende	08737-363	Brazil
81	Tradição Hipermercados	Anabela Domingues	Av. Inês de Castro, 414	São Paulo	05634-030	Brazil
67	Ricardo Adocicados	Janete Limeira	Av. Copacabana, 267	Rio de Janeiro	02389-890	Brazil
62	Queen Cozinha	Lúcia Carvalho	Alameda dos Canários, 891	São Paulo	05487-020	Brazil

SQL LIKE Operator Examples

The following SQL statement selects all customers with a City starting with the letter "s":

Example

```
SELECT * FROM Customers
WHERE City LIKE 's%';
```

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
7	Blondel père et fils	Frédérique Citeaux	24, place Kléber	Strasbourg	67000	France
15	Comércio Mineiro	Pedro Afonso	Av. dos Lusíadas, 23	São Paulo	05432-043	Brazil
21	Familia Arquibaldo	Aria Cruz	Rua Orós, 92	São Paulo	05442-030	Brazil
30	Godos Cocina Típica	José Pedro Freyre	C/ Romero, 33	Sevilla	41101	Spain
35	HILARIÓN-Abastos	Carlos Hernández	Carrera 22 con Ave. Carlos Soublette #8-35	San Cristóbal	5022	Venezuela
45	Let's Stop N Shop	Jaime Yorres	87 Polk St. Suite 5	San Francisco	94117	USA
59	Piccolo und mehr	Georg Pippis	Geislweg 14	Salzburg	5020	Austria
62	Queen Cozinha	Lúcia Carvalho	Alameda dos Canários, 891	São Paulo	05487-020	Brazil

SQL LIKE Operator Examples

The following SQL statement selects all customers with a Country containing the pattern "land":

Example

```
SELECT * FROM Customers
WHERE Country LIKE '%land%';
```

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Address	City	PostalCode	Country
14	Chop-suey Chinese	Yang Wang	Hauptstr. 29	Bern	3012	Switzerland
37	Hungry Owl All-Night Grocers	Patricia McKenna	8 Johnstown Road	Cork		Ireland
68	Richter Supermarkt	Michael Holz	Grenzacherweg 237	Genève	1203	Switzerland
87	Wartian Herkku	Pirkko Koskitalo	Tonikatu 38	Oulu	90110	Finland
90	Wilman Kala	Matti Karttunen	Keskuskatu 45	Helsinki	21240	Finland
91	Wolski	Zbyszek	ul. Filtrowa 68	Walla	01-012	Poland

The SQL BETWEEN Operator

The BETWEEN operator selects values within a range. The values can be numbers, text, or dates.

SQL BETWEEN Syntax

SELECT *column_name(s)*

FROM *table_name*

WHERE *column_name* BETWEEN *value1* AND *value2*;

"Products" table:

ProductID	ProductName	SupplierID	CategoryID	Unit	Price
1	Chais	1	1	10 boxes x 20 bags	18
2	Chang	1	1	24 - 12 oz bottles	19
3	Aniseed Syrup	1	2	12 - 550 ml bottles	10
4	Chef Anton's Cajun Seasoning	1	2	48 - 6 oz jars	22
5	Chef Anton's Gumbo Mix	1	2	36 boxes	21.35

The SQL BETWEEN Operator

The following SQL statement selects all products with a price BETWEEN 10 and 20:

Example

```
SELECT * FROM Products  
WHERE Price BETWEEN 10 AND 20;
```

ProductID	ProductName	SupplierID	CategoryID	Unit	Price
1	Chais	1	1	10 boxes x 20 bags	18
2	Chang	1	1	24 - 12 oz bottles	19
3	Aniseed Syrup	1	2	12 - 550 ml bottles	10

NOT BETWEEN Operator Example



To display the products outside the range of the previous example, use NOT BETWEEN:

Example

```
SELECT * FROM Products  
WHERE Price  
NOT BETWEEN 10 AND 20;
```

ProductID	ProductName	SupplierID	CategoryID	Unit	Price
4	Chef Anton's Cajun Seasoning	2	2	48 - 6 oz jars	22
5	Chef Anton's Gumbo Mix	2	2	36 boxes	21.35
6	Grandma's Boysenberry Spread	3	2	12 - 8 oz jars	25
7	Uncle Bob's Organic Dried Pears	3	7	12 - 1 lb pkgs.	30
8	Northwoods Cranberry Sauce	3	2	12 - 12 oz jars	40
9	Mishi Kobe Niku	4	6	18 - 500 g pkgs.	97
10	Ikura	4	8	12 - 200 ml jars	31
11	Queso Cabrales	5	4	1 kg pkg.	21
12	Queso Manchego La Pastora	5	4	10 - 500 g pkgs.	38

BETWEEN Operator with Text Value Example



The following SQL statement selects all products with a ProductName beginning with any of the letter BETWEEN 'C' and 'M':

Example

```
SELECT * FROM Products  
WHERE ProductName  
BETWEEN 'C' AND 'M';
```

ProductID	ProductName	SupplierID	CategoryID	Unit	Price
1	Chais	1	1	10 boxes x 20 bags	18
2	Chang	1	1	24 - 12 oz bottles	19
4	Chef Anton's Cajun Seasoning	2	2	48 - 6 oz jars	22
5	Chef Anton's Gumbo Mix	2	2	36 boxes	21.35
6	Grandma's Boysenberry Spread	3	2	12 - 8 oz jars	25
10	Ikura	4	8	12 - 200 ml jars	31
13	Konbu	6	8	2 kg box	6
15	Genen Shouyu	6	2	24 - 250 ml bottles	15.5
18	Carnarvon Tigers	7	8	16 kg pkg.	62.5
22	Gustaf's Knäckebröd	9	5	24 - 500 g pkgs.	21

Thank You
???